

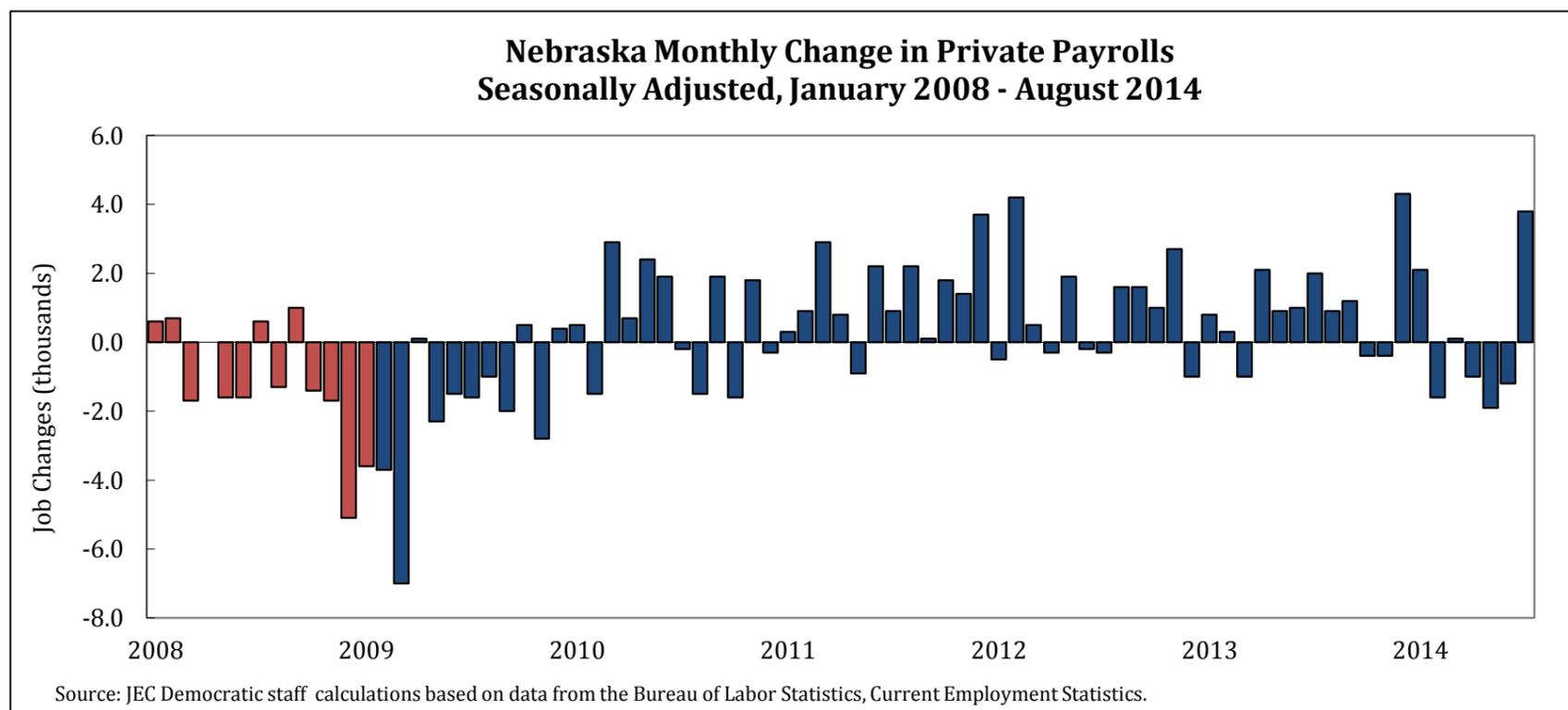


ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: NEBRASKA

Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs and unemployment data through August 2014

JOBS

- In August, private-sector employment in Nebraska grew by 3,800 jobs. Over the past year, the Nebraska private sector has added 5,900 jobs. This compares with an increase of 12,000 jobs over the 12 months ending in August 2013.
- Nebraska private-sector employers have added 46,000 jobs (an increase of 6.0 percent) since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment.
- In Nebraska, the following sectors have posted the largest job gains since February 2010: trade, transportation and utilities (10,300 jobs), professional and business services (8,500 jobs) and education and health services (8,500 jobs).
- The Nebraska sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: professional and business services (8.5 percent), logging, mining and construction (6.9 percent) and leisure and hospitality (6.5 percent).



UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Nebraska was 3.6 percent in August 2014, holding constant from July. The rate is down 0.4 percentage point from one year earlier and is below its recent peak of 4.9 percent in February 2010.
- 36,900 Nebraska residents were unemployed during August 2014, down from a recent high of 48,000 in February 2010. There are still 7,700 more people unemployed in Nebraska than when the recession began.
- In Nebraska, initial claims for unemployment insurance benefits totaled 5,344 during August, down 5.1 percent from the previous month. Total initial claims over the past 12 months are down 13.8 percent from their level over the 12 months before that.

EXPORTS

- In Nebraska, exports totaled \$579 million in July and \$7.8 billion over the past year, up 6.2 percent from the 12 months ending in July 2013 (inflation-adjusted dollars).
- Nebraska exports over the past 12 months are up 29.5 percent from their level in the same 12-month period four years earlier (inflation-adjusted dollars).

HOUSING

- Home prices in Nebraska increased by 4.0 percent from the second quarter of 2013 to the second quarter of 2014 (the most recent quarter for which data are available). They are up 8.6 percent since their recent low in the second quarter of 2011 and are now 5.5 percent above their pre-housing-crash peak.
- Housing starts in Nebraska totaled 5,990 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in July 2014, a decrease of 32.0 percent from June.
- Within the Midwest census region, which includes Nebraska, sales of new single-family homes totaled 52,000 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in July 2014, a decrease of 8.8 percent from June. Sales of existing single-family homes increased by 1.8 percent to 1,140,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from June to July 2014.

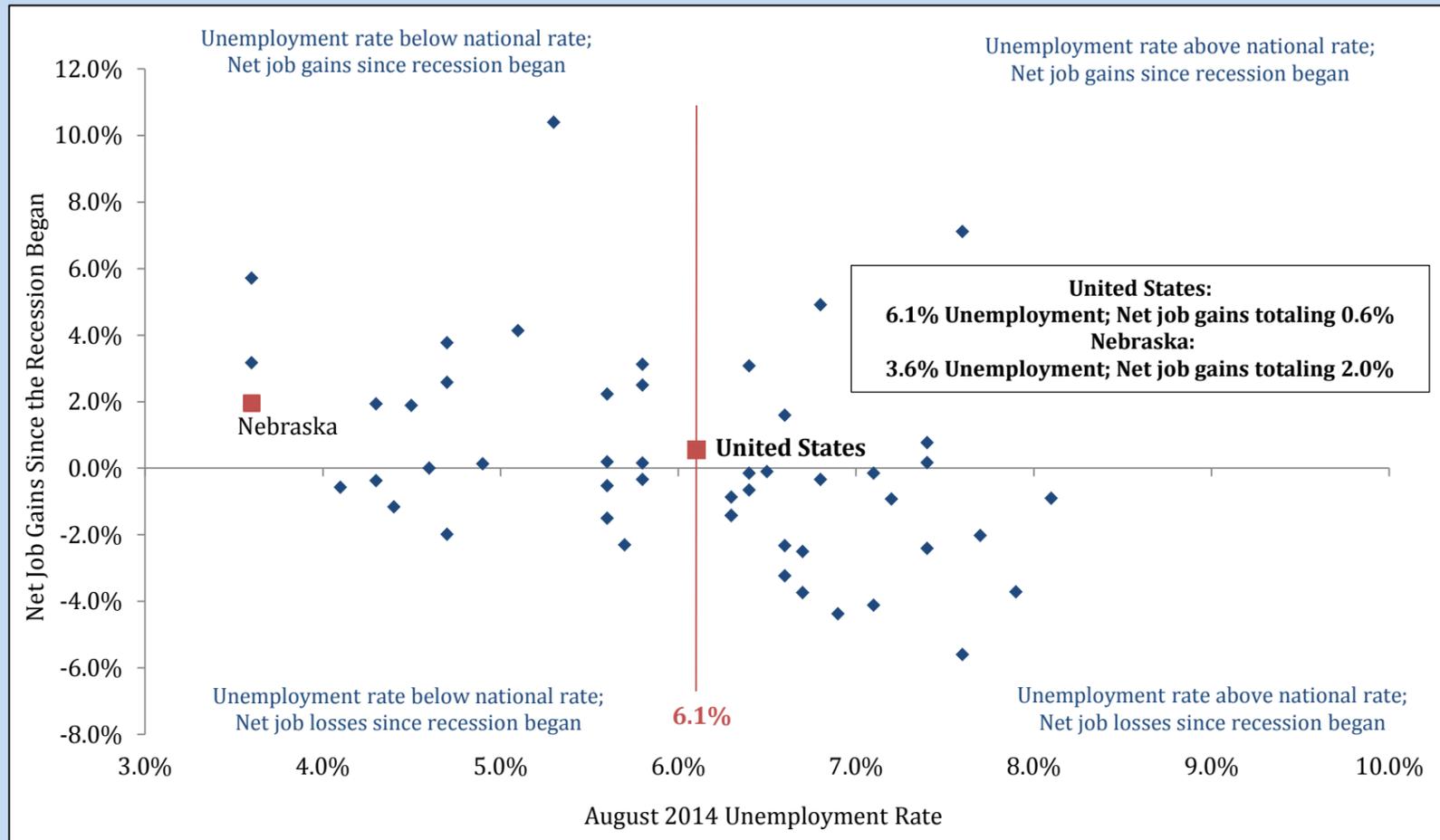
* For Nebraska-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Nebraska office: <http://www.dol.nebraska.gov/>

How Does Nebraska Compare to Other States?

Workers across the country were hit hard during the recent recession. Since then, employment in some states has returned to pre-recession levels, while employment in other states remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows for a comparison of Nebraska to other states using two metrics.

The unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor-market conditions in Nebraska, while net job gains since the recession began (current nonfarm jobs as a share of jobs prior to the recession) measures progress toward labor-market recovery (vertical axis).

States falling in the upper left quadrant have net job gains since the start of the recession and unemployment rates lower than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower right quadrant have higher unemployment rates than the United States overall and are still experiencing net job losses relative to pre-recession levels.



Note: The figure above excludes North Dakota, which has a current unemployment rate of 2.8% and net job gains totaling 29.0% since the start of the recession.

STATE QUICK FACTS

		Nebraska	United States
Unemployment Rate	August 2014	3.6%	6.1%
	August 2013	4.0%	7.2%
	August 2012	4.0%	8.1%
	August 2011	4.5%	9.0%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	2013	9.8%	9.0%
All Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2013	4.4%	6.6%
Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2013	13.8%	9.0%
Median Household Income (2013 \$)	2013	\$ 53,774	\$ 51,939
	(Current Population Survey) 2007	\$ 55,246	\$ 56,436
Poverty Rate	2013	11.0%	14.5%
	(Current Population Survey) 2007	9.9%	12.5%
Percentage Without Health Insurance	2013	11.3%	14.5%
(American Community Survey)			